

Sneaking Scala

Into the Enterprise

[@davetron5000](#) / dave @ opower.com

A (Java Developer's) Tour of Scala - naildrivin5.com/scalatour

naildrivin5.com/blog

Slides on Github github.com/davetron5000/sneaking-scala

Slides online sneaking-scala.herokuapp.com

Sneaking Scala

Into the Enterprise

Why?

Barriers

Solutions

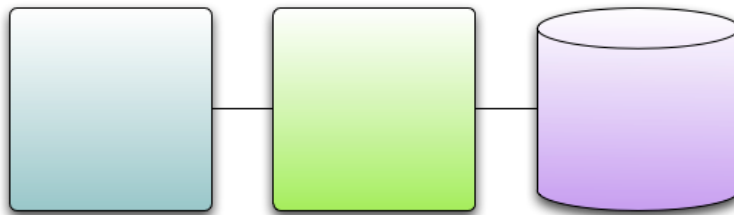
Engineering Lead @



15 years professional developer

10+ years of Java

Built many apps like this:





(Where I work)

Software as a Service

Java Shop

We actually Make Money

**We are married only to what
works**

**How could Scala *work* for your
company?**

or, Why do we care in the first place?

Get more done

More expressive

Fewer lines of code

More productive

Fewer bugs?

Talent attractor

Natural progression on the JVM

Natural progression on the JVM

What's in the way?

Steep learning curve

New Syntax

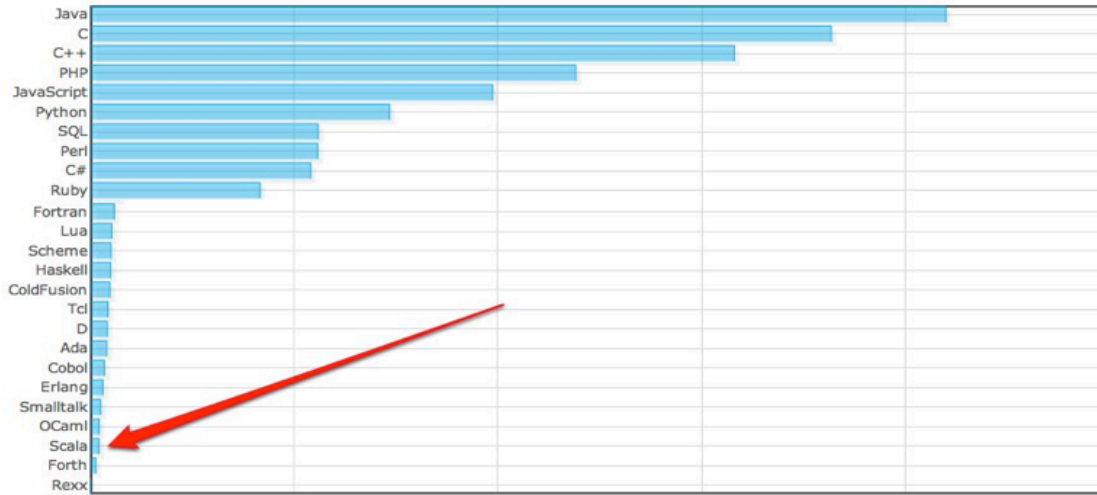
Many new concepts

Docs, books, community all in early stages

Where do I even *find* a Scala
developer?

Normalized Comparison

This is a chart showing combined results from all data sets.



<http://langpop.com/>

Java's delivering



How do we make this happen?

Fight the learning curve

Sneak it in

Control Risk

History Lesson C++ to Java

Replace existing apps/write new ones

New libraries

New deployment mechanism

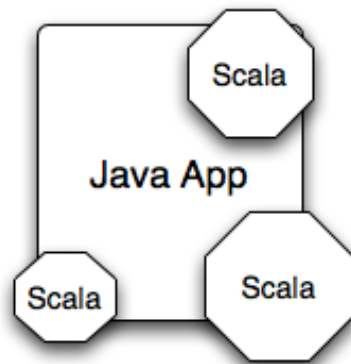
Java to Scala

Replace *components*

Reuse libraries

Same deployment mechanism

Java to Scala



Don't need to abandon Java

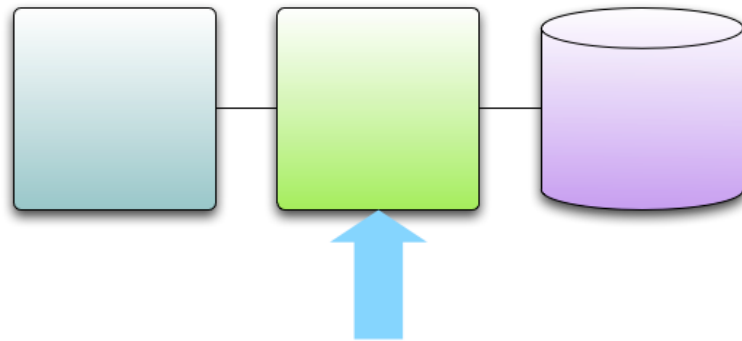
**Don't need the entire Scala
language (or library) to get
started**

Getting started carries less risk

Is this realistic?

And does this actually provide value?

Business Logic



Fully Armed and Operational Programming Language

http://www.flickr.com/photos/flying_cloud/2667225198

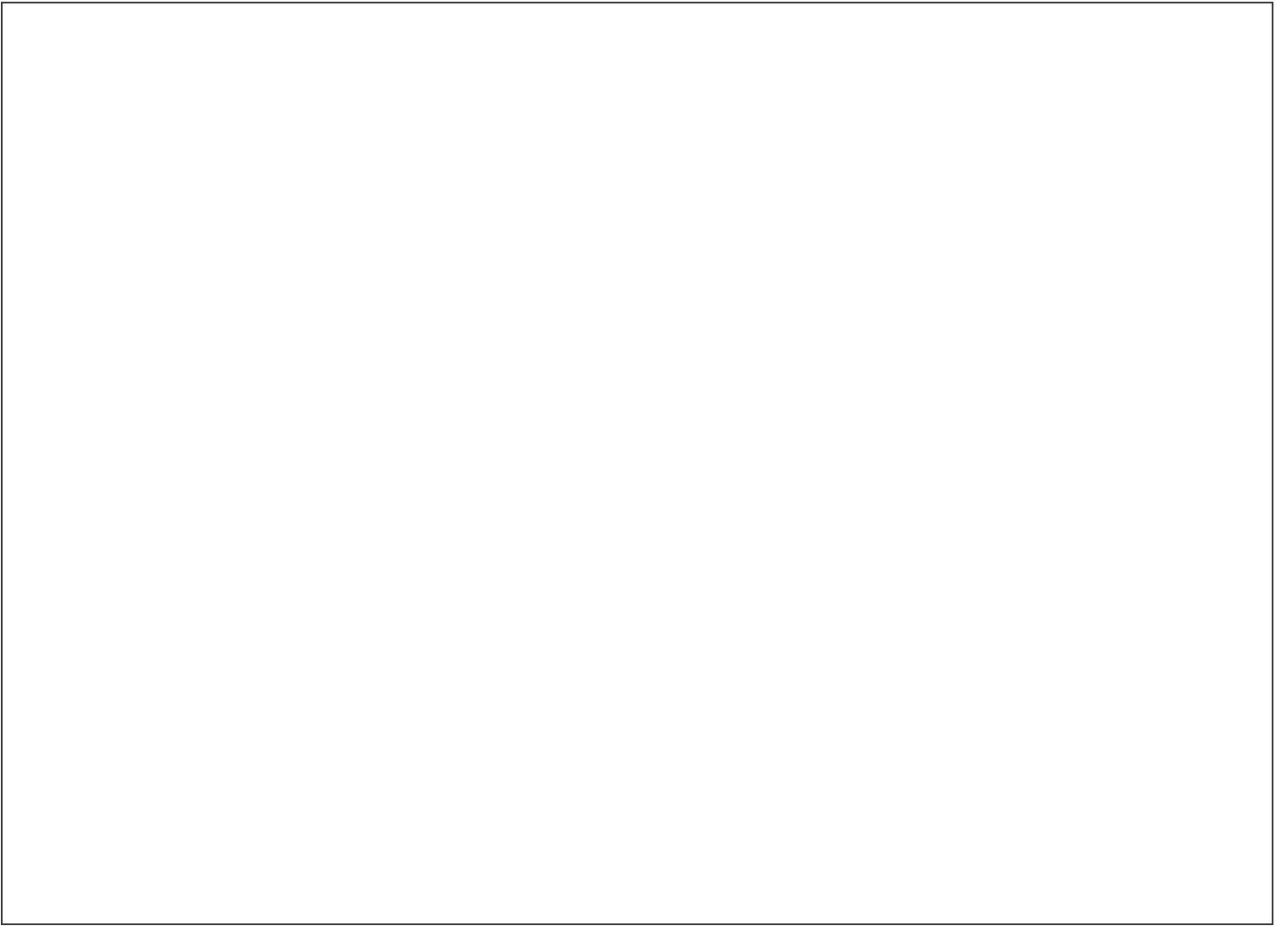
Hard to control Learning Curve

```
class PersonService {
  this: PersonDAO with UtilityDAO =>

  def login(name:String, password:String) = {
    if (checkPassword(name,password))
      val token = recordLogin(name)
      Some(token)
    else
      None
  }
}
```

Hard to control Learning Curve

```
class PersonService {
  this: PersonDAO with UtilityDAO =>
  //^^^^^ What is this even called?!^^^^
  def login(name:String, password:String) = {
    if (checkPassword(name,password))
      val token = recordLogin(name)
      Some(token)
    else
      None
  }
}
```



High Risk

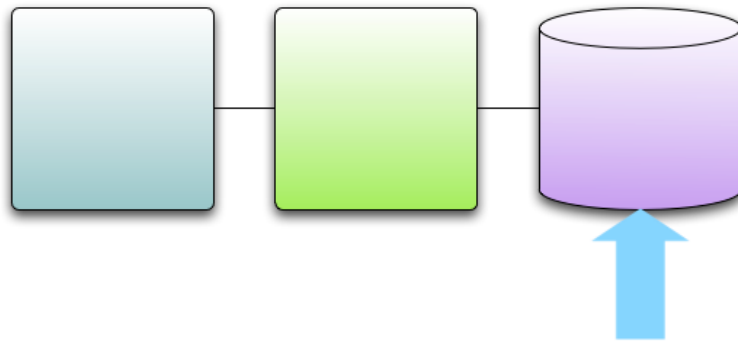
(though arguably high value)

A win in the long term

Productivity, Maintainability, Learnability hits in
the short term

Requires on-site or in-house experts (expensive)

Model/Persistence Layer



Model Objects

```
public class Person {
    private String firstName;
    private String lastName;
    private Date birthdate;
    private char gender;
    private String email;
    public String getFirstName() {
        return firstName;
    }
    public void setFirstName(String firstName) {
        this.firstName = firstName;
    }
    public String getLastName() {
        return lastName;
    }
    public void setLastName(String lastName) {
        this.lastName = lastName;
    }
    public Date getBirthdate() {
        return birthdate;
    }
    public void setBirthdate(Date birthdate) {
        this.birthdate = birthdate;
    }
    public char getGender() {
```


Model Objects

```
class Person(  
    var firstName:String,  
    var lastName:String,  
    var birthdate:Date,  
    var gender:Char,  
    var email:String)
```

Model Objects

```
case class Person(  
  @BeanProperty var firstName:String,  
  @BeanProperty var lastName:String,  
  @BeanProperty var birthdate:Date,  
  @BeanProperty var gender:Char,  
  @BeanProperty var email:String)
```

Low Risk, High Value

Very little Scala Knowledge

HUGE reduction in code size

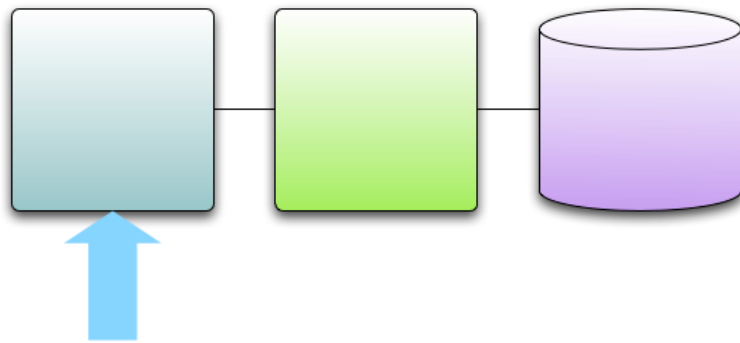
Two Problems

Already have a ton

Name	
comparators	Neighbors.java
impl	NotificationContact.java
rate	NotificationContactPreference.java
support	NotificationEvent.java (deleted)
types	NotificationInstance.java (deleted)
usage	Overlayable.java
AbstractAuditedEntity.java	Parcel.java
AbstractEntity.java	PerformanceMessage.java
AbstractEntityHashFunction.java	Person.java
AbstractLookupEntity.java	PersonAndCustomer.java
AbstractModelObject.java	PersonalComparison.java
AbstractOverlayable.java	RatePlanComparison.java
AbstractOverlayableList.java	Read.java
AbstractParcel.java	ReadType.java (deleted)
AbstractUtilityCompanySetupSettings.java	RefParcel.java
ActionStepsIntroText.java	ReportSettings.java
ActionStepsThesis.java	Role.java
ActionStepsTipContainer.java	SeasonDay.java
Address.java	SeasonalThreshold.java
AlertEvent.java	ServicePoint.java
Audited.java	Site.java
CastorFileList.java	StatusMessage.java
CategorizedTip.java (deleted)	Study.java
Category.java	StudyGroup.java
Commitment.java	Subscription.java
CommitmentProgress.java	SubscriptionProvider.java
CommitmentStatusMessage.java	Survey.java
Contact.java	TemplateSettings.java
Customer.java	Thesis.java
CustomerAlertInstance.java	TimeWindow.java
CustomerEntity.java	Tip.java
DeliverySchedule.java (deleted)	TipAction.java

**Not a significant source of
bugs**

What about application endpoints?



DaveWeb5000 Controller

```
public class TipController {  
  
    public Object getTip() {  
        String id = params.get("id");  
        String format = params.get("format");  
        Tip tip = tipService.find(id);  
        return formatAs(format, tip);  
    }  
}
```

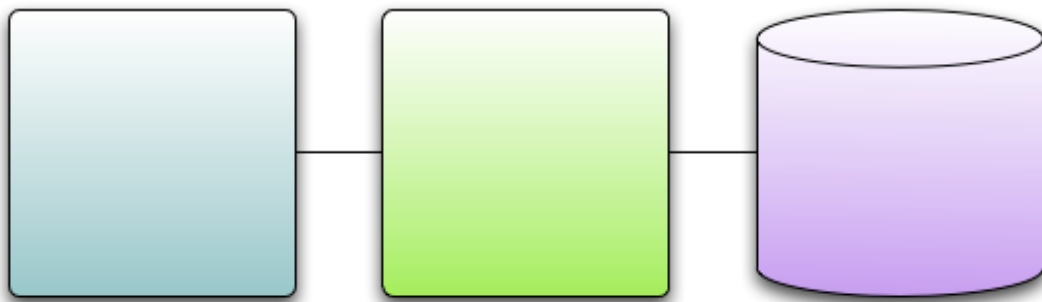

Scala-ized version

```
class TipController {  
  def getTip = {  
    val id = params("id");  
    val format = params("format");  
    val tip = tipService.find(id);  
    formatAs(format, tip);  
  }  
}
```

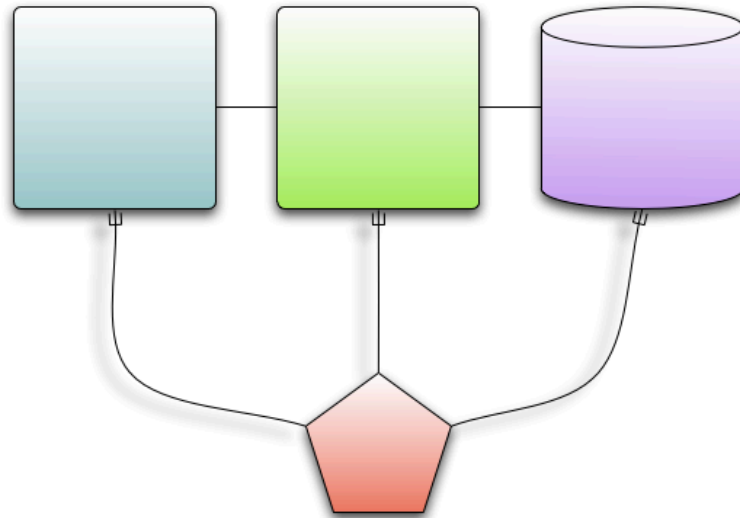
**"Power of Scala" has little to
add**

Low Risk, Low Value

All is lost?



Testing!



**No new deployment
dependencies**

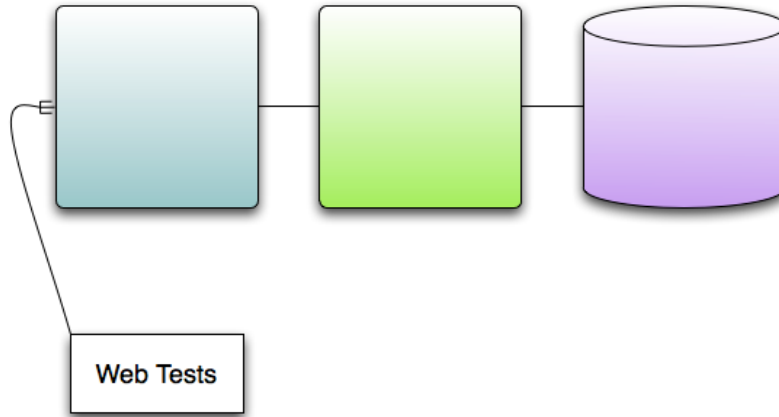
**Can focus on your problem
domain**

Tests have a lot of boilerplate

**Scala makes boilerplate go
away**

What OPOWER did

Web Testing



Web Testing

New Concept for team

Key to success of product

New API to learn for everyone

Can we sneak in Scala?

(and add value :)

HTMLUnit/JWebUnit is like assembly language

```
public void testLogin {
    tester = new WebTester();
    tester.gotoURL(HOME_PAGE);
    tester.gotoURL(PROTECTED_PAGE);
    tester.assertOnForm("login");
    tester.setValue("user", "dave@blah.com");
    tester.setValue("pass", "foobar69");
    tester.submit();
    tester.assertOn(PROTECTED_PAGE);
    // Real tests much longer and
    // more painful
}
```

DSL for web testing *our* app

```
class WebTestLogin extends WebTestSpec {  
  page("protected",  
    (page:PageSpecification) => {  
  
    page.requiresLogin()  
    page.shouldContain(  
      "Hello Dave").inElement("h1")  
    })  
}
```

Smooth the learning curve

Ground Rules for DSL

Consistent syntax

No new operators

Minimize new concepts

How many new concepts?

```
class WebTestLogin extends WebTestSpec {  
  page("protected", // *1*  
       (page:PageSpecification) => { // *2,3*  
  
    page.requiresLogin()  
    page.shouldContain(  
      "Hello Dave").inElement("h1")  
    })  
}
```

[1] Basic Syntax - constructor code

```
class WebTestLogin extends WebTestSpec {  
  page("protected", // *1* ...
```

[2] types come after a :

```
class WebTestLogin extends WebTestSpec {  
  page("protected", // *1*  
    (page:PageSpecification) => { // *2*
```

[3] Anonymous functions/closures

```
class WebTestLogin extends WebTestSpec {  
  page("protected",  
    (page:PageSpecification) => { // *3*  
      ^^^^param          ^^^^function
```

Reinforces familiar concepts

Dots - `x.y` == method call - easy to understand

page - has an obvious type, we can look up its
methods

Ground Rules for Implementation

Had a weekend to build it

Mixins, Case Classes, Collections All fair game

Imperative/OO design

Ground Rules for Implementation

Avoid (initially) confusing features

No implicits

Minimize type parameters

Ground Rules for Implementation

Tutorial, scaffolds, documentation

Lots of scaladoc

"How" and "What" Comments

**Couldn't this have been done
in Java?**

Certainly, but...

**DSL implementation would've
taken too long in Java**

Conclusions

**Scala *can* provide value to your
organization**

**A gradual introduction
minimizes risk, maximizes
value**

Testing is an easy win

Tame the learning curve

**Small successes socialize its
value**

Gradually expand

Thank You

[@davetron5000](#) / dave @ opower.com

Slides on Github github.com/davetron5000/sneaking-scala

Slides online sneaking-scala.herokuapp.com



Sneaking Scala Into The Enterprise by [David Copeland](#) is licensed under a [Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-Share Alike 3.0 United States License](#). Based on a work at www.github.com.